Colonoscopy Surveillance

- The decision regarding surveillance interval should be based on the most advanced finding(s) at initial colonoscopy. Colonoscopy findings should be confirmed by final pathology results.
- Individuals undergoing surveillance by colonoscopy do not need a fecal immunochemical test (FIT).
- These recommendations assume that the initial colonoscopy is complete and of high quality and bowel preparation allowed adequate visualization of all colonic mucosa.
- There may be colonoscopy findings (e.g., colorectal cancer) outside these recommendations that require case management or endoscopist discretion regarding the surveillance interval.

